

Introduction of Lexical Analysis

Lexical Analysis is the first phase of the compiler also known as a scanner. It converts the High level input program into a sequence of **Tokens**.

- Lexical Analysis can be implemented with the Deterministic finite Automata
- The output is a sequence of tokens that is sent to the parser for syntax analysis

What is a token?

A lexical token is a sequence of characters that can be treated as a unit in the grammar of the programming languages.

Example of tokens:

- Type token (id, number, real, . . .)
- Punctuation tokens (IF, void, return, . . .)
- Alphabetic tokens (keywords)

Keywords; Examples-for , while,
Identifier; Examples-Variable
Operators; Examples '+', '++',
Separators; Examples ',', ' ' ,  ε

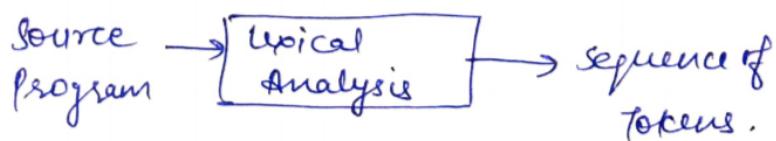
Example of Non-Tokens:

- Comments, preprocessor directive, macros, blanks, tabs, newline, etc.

Lexeme: The sequence of characters matched by a pattern to form the corresponding token or a sequence of input characters that comprises a single token is called a lexeme. eg- "float", "abs_zero_Kelvin", "=", "-", "273", ":" .

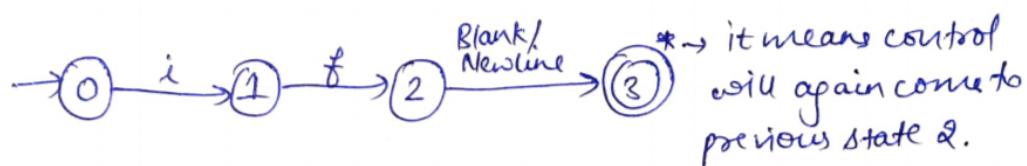
CD (Theory)

① Lexical Analysis - (Scanner)



- Lexical Analyzers can be designed using Transition Diagrams (finite Automata).

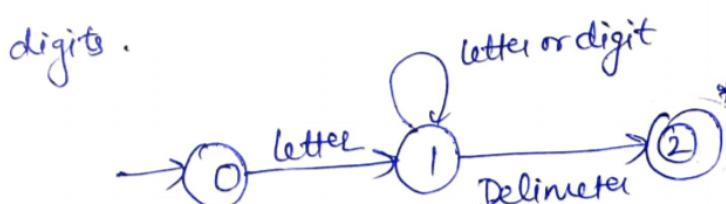
of Transition diagram for 'if' keyword.



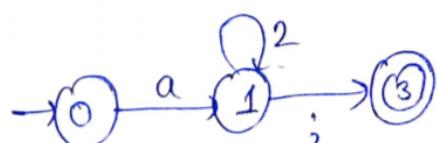
~~Identifier~~

Transition diagram for an identifier -

An identifier starts with letter followed by letters or digits.



of int a2; Here a2 is identifier

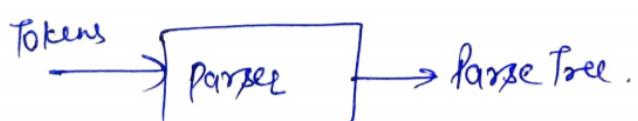
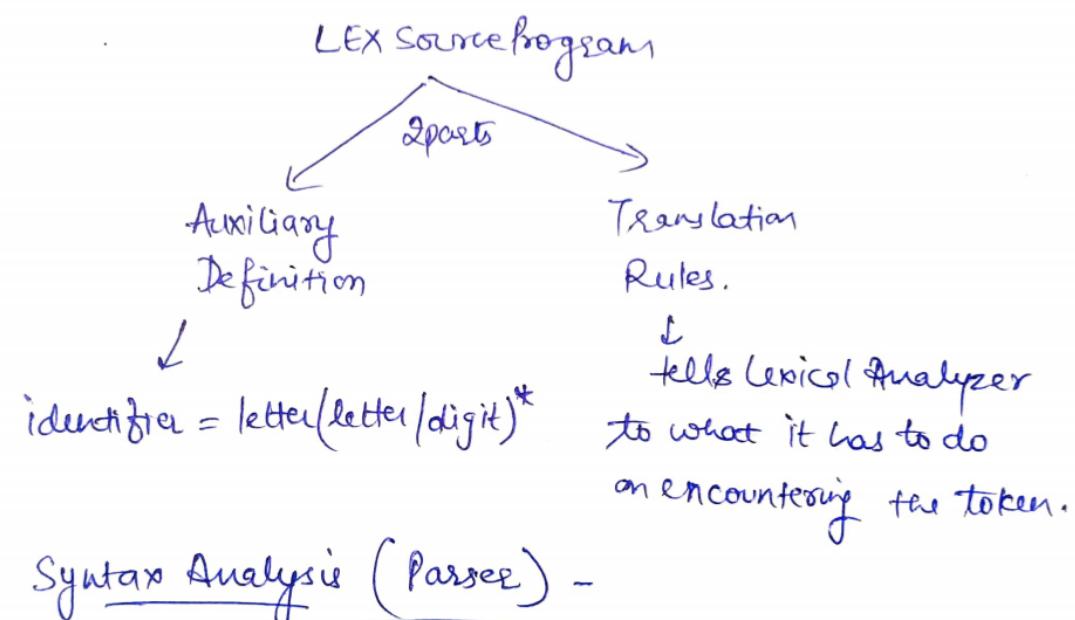


- Language for specifying Lexical Analyzer -

A grammar

LEX source program represents the language used for specification of Lexical Analyzer.

LEX - It is a tool/software which automatically generates lexical Analyzer / FA.



Lexical Analysis relates to DFA. (Later) (2)

examples -

① ++--++ & +; No. of tokens = ?
= 8 tokens

② ; int a,b tokens ?
= 5 tokens } This is not lexical error.
} It is syntax error & thus found in syntax analysis

③ for (i=0; i<=10; i++) = 18 tokens

④ int 123 ; = 3 tokens

⑤ printf ("Hello, How are you ?"); = 5 tokens

⑥ if (a>b)
{
 a=b+c;
}

⑦ if fi(a>b) Lexical Error
{
 a=b+c;
}

⑧ fi(a,b); = 7 tokens (Here, fi is a function)
So, no error