

## Algebraic method using Arden's Theorem

This is used to find the r.e. recognised by transition system.

The following assumptions are made regarding the transition system:

- (i) The transition graph does not have  $\lambda$ -moves.
- (ii) It has only one initial state, say  $v_i$ .
- (iii) Its vertices are  $v_1, \dots, v_n$ .
- (iv)  $v_i$  is the i.e. representing the set of strings accepted by the system even though  $v_i$  is final state.

Ques: Consider the transition system as shown in below diagram. Prove that the strings recognised are  $(a + a(b + aa^*b)^*a(b + aa^*)^*a$



Sol's:

$$q_1 = q_1 a + q_2 b + \lambda \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$q_2 = q_1 a + q_2 b + q_3 a \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$q_3 = q_2 a \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

By (2)  $\Rightarrow$

$$q_2 = q_1 a + q_2 b + q_3 a$$

$$= q_1 a + q_2 b + q_2 a a$$

$$q_2 = q_1 a + q_2 (b + a a)$$

$$R = Q + R P$$

$$R = Q + P R$$

then  $R = Q P^*$

$$q_2 = q_1 a (b + a a)^* \text{ --- (4)}$$

Put  $q_2$  value in  $q_1$  or by (1)  $\Rightarrow$

$$q_1 = q_1 a + q_1 a (b + a a)^* b + n$$

$$q_1 = q_1 (a + a (b + a a)^* b) + n$$

$$R = R P + Q$$

then  $R = Q P^*$

$$q_1 = 1 (a + a (b + a a)^* b)^* \text{ --- (5)}$$

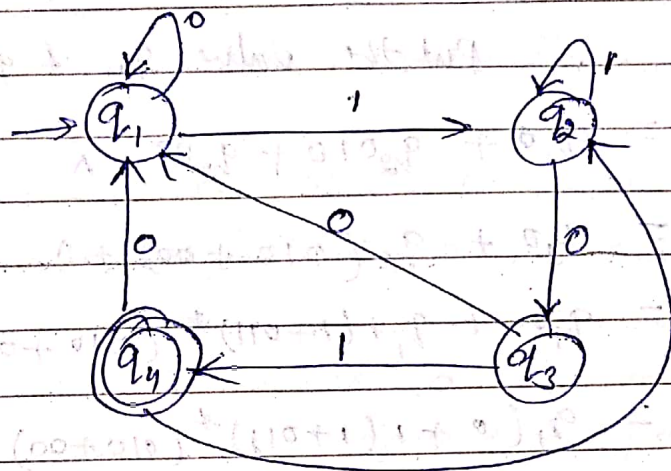
put the value of  $q_1$  is (4)

$$q_2 = (a + a (b + a a)^* b)^* a (b + a a)^*$$

by (3)  $\Rightarrow q_3 = (a + a (b + a a)^* b)^* a (b + a a)^* a$

Hence it is prove.

Ques. Find the r.e corresponding to the fig.



$$q_1 = q_1 0 + q_4 0 + q_3 0 + 1 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$q_2 = q_1 1 + q_2 1 + q_4 1 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$q_3 = q_2 0 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$q_4 = q_3 1 \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

$$\text{By (4)} \Rightarrow q_4 = q_2 0 1 \quad \text{--- (5)}$$

$$\text{By (2)} \Rightarrow q_2 = q_1 1 + q_2 1 + q_2 0 1 1$$

$$q_2 = q_1 1 + q_2 (1 + 0 1 1)$$

$$R = Q + R P$$

$$R = Q P^*$$

then

$$q_2 = (q_1 1) (1 + 0 1 1)^* \quad \text{--- (6)}$$

By ①  $\Rightarrow q_1 = q_0 + q_4 + q_3 + 1$

Put the value  $q_4$  &  $q_3$

$$q_1 = q_0 + q_2 010 + q_2 00 + 1$$

$$q_1 = q_0 + q_2 (010 + 00) + 1$$

$$q_1 = q_0 + q_1 (1+011)^* (010 + 00) + 1$$

$$q_1 = q_1 (0 + 1(1+011)^* (010 + 00)) + 1$$

$$R = RP + Q$$

$$R = QP^*$$

then

$$q_1 = 1(0 + 1(1+011)^* (010 + 00))^*$$

then by ④  $\Rightarrow$

$$q_4 = q_3 1$$

$$= q_2 01$$

$$= q_1 (1+011)^* 01$$

$$q_4 = (0 + 1(1+011)^* (00 + 010))^*$$

$$(1(1+011)^* 01)$$

this is the final state.

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